Addendum for Tankships and Barges 5,000 GT or More without Double Hulls

This checklist should be used to verify compliance with 33 CFR 157 subpart G on tankships and tank barges that are 5,000 GT or more and are not fitted with a double hull. Both foreign and U.S. flag vessels must comply with these requirements until they are no longer allowed to operate on U.S. waters due to the Oil Pollution Act of 1990. Separate lists are provided below for tankships and tank barges.

Tankships 5,000 GT or more that are not fitted with Double Hulls

I.

acquainted with:

A. Beginning February 1, 1997: Bridge Resourd (33 CFR 157.415; STCW, Section B)	e Management Policy and Procedures
 Written company policy and procedure to masters and officers that specifies: Number of qualified individuals on watch for effective performance of duties. 	
Appropriate qualifications of watch members.Watch members fit for duty.	
 Watch members not impaired by fatigue. Limitations in qualifications or fitness of individuals accounted for in decision-making. 	
 Clear and unambiguous assignment of duties and establishment that individual understands responsibilities. 	
Clearly prioritized tasks and ability to alter tasks as necessary.	
Assignment and reassignment of watch members to most effective performance location.	
 Conditions warranting task reassignment. Instruments/equipment necessary to effectively perform tasks, and actions to be taken if such instruments/equipment are not available or 	
functioning properly.Examples of clear, immediate, reliable, and relevant communication.	
 Actions to suppress, remove, and avoid nonessential activity on bridge. 	
 Collection, processing, & interpretation of all essential information made conveniently available to other watch members and the pilot. 	
 Need to ensure that nonessential materials are not placed on the bridge. Response to changes in circumstance. 	
Masters and officers are familiar with this guidance.	
NOTE: The fact that some or all deck officers. may have training does not prove compliance with the regulations. State actions, will not be uniformly applied by all flag State actions.	Section B is an optional part of the STCW Convention
B. Beginning February 1, 1997: Vessel Specification (33 CFR 157.420; STCW, Section A-I/14, part 2	
(33 CFR 157.4207 SICW, Section A-1/14, part .	•

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Specific equipment they will be using

(Writte	en Guidance Continued): <u>Vessel Specific Watch</u>	Policy and Procedures
	 Vessel specific watchkeeping, safety, 	
	environmental protection, and emergency	
	procedures and arrangements needed to	
	perform their duties properly.	
•	Designation of crew member to be responsible	
	for ensuring that each new employee has the	
	opportunity to receive essential information	
	in a language the individual understands.	
♦ NOT	TE: Daggues compliance with this massure depends on ac	mnony gonarated guidence and not on an individue
	E: Because compliance with this measure depends on co	1 • 0
certi	fication, STCW endorsements or certificates do not satisf	y the requirements of this section.
TT No.	-insting Toformation	
II. Nav	rigation Information	
A.	Beginning November 27, 1996: Maneuvering as	nd Vessel Status Information
л.	(33 CFR 157.450; IMO Resolution A.601(15))	d vesser status illiormation
	(33 CFR 137.4307 IMO RESOLUCION A.601(13))	
	_ Maneuvering information meets format	
	requirements of IMO Resolution A.601(15)	
	and is complete - including engine and	
	squat characteristics.	
	_ Pilot Card completed by master prior	
	to port entry or getting underway and	
	reviewed with pilot.	
	reviewed with priot.	
_	D 1 1 W 11 1 0 1 1000 W 1 1 77 1	w 1 d1
В.		-Keel Clearance
	(33 CFR 157.455)	
	_ Does the tankship have a double	
	bottom over its entire cargo deck?	
	If YES - this section is not applicable	
	If NO, then the following must be done:	
	II No, chen the fortowing mast be done.	
	I or ontry by magter prior to port	
	_ Log entry by master prior to port	
	entry or getting underway shows:	
•	The anticipated navigational draft;	
•	The controlling depth, including the facility	
	or anchorage; and	
•	The anticipated under-keel clearance the	
	master estimated for the transit.	
	_ Master conferred with the pilot on the	
	local port conditions and anticipated	
	under-keel clearance during transit.	
	ander heer erearance during cranbre.	
+ + The	vessel master must provide either:	
""I He	vesser master must provide either:	
	_ A log entry showing the master contacted	
	the tankship company to discuss under-	
	keel clearance prior to entry or getting	
	underway.	
-OF	-	
_		
	Company guidance to the master is on	
	board and includes:	
	Guidance on what should be used to judge	
	appropriate clearance for the port; i.e., a	

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1 meter clearance is required for Port X, or a
clause requiring the master to use the
pilots recommended clearance & nothing less

(Navigat	tion Information Continued) Minimum Unde	r-Keel Clearance
	Guidance on what action(s) the master should	
	take if the pilot provides information that	
	makes the under-keel clearance less than	
	what the company says it should be.	
а		elates to 33 CFR 157.455, paragraphs (a)(5) ection has been delayed until further
	Beginning July 29, 1997: Maneuvering Perf (33 CFR 157.445; IMO Resolution A.751(18))	formance Capability
	Tankship owners or operators must prove mandaccordance with IMO Resolution A.751(18), so completion should be verified by one of the	ection 1.2, 2.3-2.4, 3-4.2, and 5. Test
	For a foreign flag tankship	
•	a letter from the flag administration	
	-OR-	
•	from a classification society stating	
	that the requirements have been met.	
-0	OR-	
	For a U.S. flag tankship test	
	results from the vessel owner confirming	
	the completion of the tests or a	
	letter from a classification society.	
	Performance test results prominently	
	displayed in the wheelhouse.	
	The Master discussed the results of the	
	performance tests with the pilot prior	
	to entering port or getting underway.	
III. Hul	ll and Equipment Surveys	
Α.	Beginning November 27, 1996: Vital Systems are conductive vessel's deck log or other onboard documents.	cted by qualified personnel and logged in
	Cargo Systems. Survey must include items	
	such as the following and be done prior	
	to cargo transfer operations:	
		
•	All external doors, ports, and similar openings	
	which lead directly from the tank deck to the	
	accommodation and machinery spaces are closed.	
•	Particular attention paid to setting of p/v	
	valves and the venting system.	
•	Pumproom strainer covers, inspection plates, &	
	drain plugs are properly positioned and secure.	
•	Flange connections have all bolts used and	
	tightened with no improvised arrangements using	
	'G' clamps or similar devices.	
•	Visual examination of all hoses before use.	
•	Hoses are properly supported by bridles and	
	saddles and protected from hot surfaces.	
•	Weather conditions such as wind and electrical	

storms checked with terminal.

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•	Sea & overboard discharge valves securely closed	
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(Hull and Equipment Surveys Continued) Vital Systems Surveys Review of responsible vessel officers and senior terminal representatives on duty during transfer Coordination of communications between terminal All valves that are passing cargo are fully open. Emergency shut down plan is coordinated with shore facility. Plan to monitor void & ballast spaces verified. Plan for failure of IGS system reviewed, if fitted. _ Mooring systems. Survey includes visual examination of emergency towline, anchor releasing mechanism, and mooring lines prior to entering port or place of destination, weather permitting, or prior to getting underway. __ Surveys conducted by company management, designated individuals, or vessel officers knowledgeable about the equipment. _ Individual conducting the surveys has the authority and capability to initiate corrective action. Beginning November 27, 1996: Autopilot Alarm or Indicator (33 CFR 157.440) __ Helm fitted with alarm for the autopilot if the autopilot does not turn off or allow override control when the helm is manually moved more than 5 degrees. ____ Alarm is both visually and audibly distinct from other bridge alarms. __ If the steering system is not equipped with an autopilot override or an alarm, the vessel must have a letter allowing an OCMI-approved equivalent measure. C. Beginning at the vessel's next scheduled drydock examination occurring on or after November 27, 1997: Enhanced Survey Requirements (33 CFR 157.430; IMO Resolution A.744.18) ___ Documentation of enhanced survey results available on board in accordance with Section 6, Annex B of the Resolution reports of structural surveys (annex 8) condition evaluation report (annex 9) thickness measurement reports (annex 10) • survey planning document according to principles in annex 6, where provided -OR-

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___ Have an equivalency letter from G-MOC for an enhanced survey program with documentation similar to above.

___ For tankships < 20,000 dwt carrying

-OR-

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crude oil, tankships < 30,000 dwt	
carrying product, implement a program	
that:	

(Hul	ll and	Equip	oment Surveys Continued)	Enhanced	Survey	Requirements	
		•	Includes oversight by the Coast Guathe vessel's flag administration, authorized classification society, a licensed professional engineer. Has the frequency of survey which less than inspections required by 46 CFR subpart 31.10. Has survey scope and record-keeping requirements comparable to the IMO standards mentioned above. AND Includes keeping a copy of the most recent survey on board the vessel outpon Coast Guard request, making the survey available for examination within 24 hours.	an or is no			
NOT:	E: B	ecause	many classification societies requir	e enhanced	surveys a	as a condition of class, these documents will no	rr
be is	sued by	y the ve	essel's classification society.				
IV.	Equip	ment F	Requirements				
	Emerge	ency	Lightering Requirements for :	Tank Vesse	ls ((33 CFR 157.410)	
	Section	on 157	7.410(c) is revised as follow	rs:			
			ers, bolts, and gaskets must iron and malleable iron mu			ments of 46 CFR subpart 56.25.	

Tank Barges 5,000 GT or more carrying Oil

I. Written Guidance:

_	inning February 1, 1997: Bridge Resource (33 CFR 157.415; STCW, Section B)	e Management Policy and Procedures
(33 CFR 137.4137 SICW, Section b)	
Ва	rge owner or operator has given	
W	ritten company policy and procedure to	
tl	ne towing vessel operator prior to	
ta	aking the tow, specifying:	
• Nu	mber of qualified individuals on watch	
fc	or effective performance of duties.	
 Ap 	propriate qualifications of watch members.	
• Wa	tch members fit for duty.	
• Wa	tch members not impaired by fatigue.	
• Li	mitations in qualifications or fitness of dividuals accounted for in decision-making.	
• Cl	ear and unambiguous assignment of duties	
	d establishment that individual understands	
• Cl	early prioritized tasks and ability to	
al	ter tasks as necessary.	
• As	signment and reassignment of watch members	
to	most effective performance location.	
• Cc	onditions warranting task reassignment.	
• In	struments/equipment necessary to effectively	
_	erform tasks, and actions to be taken if such	
	struments/equipment are not available or	
	nctioning properly.	
	camples of clear, immediate, reliable, and elevant communication.	
	etions to suppress, remove, and avoid	
	nessential activity on bridge.	
	ollection, processing, & interpretation of	
	l essential information made conveniently	
	vailable to other watch members and the pilot.	
• Ne	ed to ensure that nonessential materials are	
no	ot placed on the bridge.	
• Re	sponse to changes in circumstance.	
	wing vessel operators are familiar ith this guidance.	
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	inning February 1, 1997: Vessel Specifi CFR 157.420; STCW, Section A-I/14, part 2	c Watch Policy and Procedures)
	rge owner or operator has given	
W	ritten company policy and procedures	
to	o the towing vessel operator and	
01	ther operator concerning new employees	
tl	nat includes the following:	
• Al	location of reasonable and appropriate me period to become acquainted with:	
-	Specific equipment will be using.	
	Vessel specific watchkeeping, safety,	
	environmental protection, and	
	emergency procedures and arrangements	
	needed to perform duties properly.	
• De	esignation of crew member to be responsible	
	or ensuring that each new employee has the	
op	portunity to receive essential information	
2	a language the individual undergrands	

(Written Guidance Continued): Vessel Specific Watch Policy and Procedures

NOTE: Because compliance with this measure depends on company-generated guidance and not on an individual's

certification, STCW endorsements or certificates do not satisfied	sfy the requirements of this section.
II. Navigation Information	
Beginning November 27, 1996: Minimum under-kee	el clearance (33 CFR 157.455)
Does the tank barge have a double bottom over its entire cargo deck? If YES - this section is not applicable If NO, then the following must be done:	
 Barge owner or operator must provide the towing vessel operator company guidance that includes: Guidance on what should be used to judge appropriate clearance for the port, i.e., a 1 meter clearance required for Port X, or a clause that the operator should use the pilot's recommended clearance & nothing less. Guidance on what action(s) the operator should take if the port provides information that makes the under-keel clearance less than what the company says it should be. 	
III. Hull and Equipment Surveys A. Beginning November 27, 1996: Vital Systems (33 CFR 157.435) Surveys of the following systems are conducte the vessel's deck log or other onboard docume	d by qualified personnel and logged in
Cargo Systems. Survey must be conducted prior to cargo transfer operations should address items such as the following:	
 All external doors, ports, and similar openings which lead directly from the tank deck to the accommodation and machinery spaces are closed. 	
 Particular attention paid to setting of p/v valves and the venting system. Flange connections have all bolts used and 	
tightened with no improvised arrangements using 'G' clamps or similar devices.	
 Visual examination of all hoses before use. Hoses are properly supported by bridles and saddles and protected from hot surfaces. 	
 Weather conditions such as wind and electrical storms checked with terminal. 	
 Review of responsible vessel officers and senior terminal representatives on duty during transfer. Coordination of communications between terminal 	
& barge. • All valves that are passing cargo are fully open	

stems Surveys
drydock examination occurring on or afterements (33 CFR 157.430; IMO Resolution
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prevented.

C. Beginning November 27, 1997: Emergency Steering Capability (33 CFR 157.460(a))
Towing vessel hired to tow barge has two steering gear power sources and separate steering controls. There must
also be a means to switch between the steering gear systems from the bridge
-OR-
Towing vessel hired to tow barge has twin screw propulsion with separate control systems for each
propeller.
D. Emergency Lightering Requirements for Tank Vessels (33 CFR 157.410)
Section 157.410(c) is revised as follows:
Reducers, bolts, and gaskets must meet the requirements of 46 CFR subpart 56.25. Cast iron and malleable iron must not be used

(Equipment Requirements Continued)